

THE NITRATION OF *p*-CYMENE WITH NITROGEN DIOXIDE IN ACETIC ANHYDRIDE:

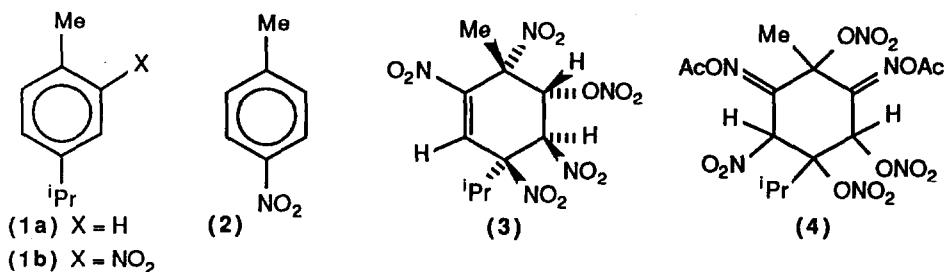
THE ISOLATION AND X-RAY STRUCTURE DETERMINATION OF

6-METHYL-3-(METHYLETHYL)-*t*-5-NITRATO-1,*r*-3,*c*-4,*t*-6-TETRANITROCYCLOHEXENE

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Abstract: Reaction of *p*-cymene (1a) with nitrogen dioxide in acetic anhydride gives 2-nitro-*p*-cymene (1b), *p*-nitrotoluene (2), and the tetranitronitratocyclohexene (3) as the major products; the X-ray crystal structure of (3) is reported.

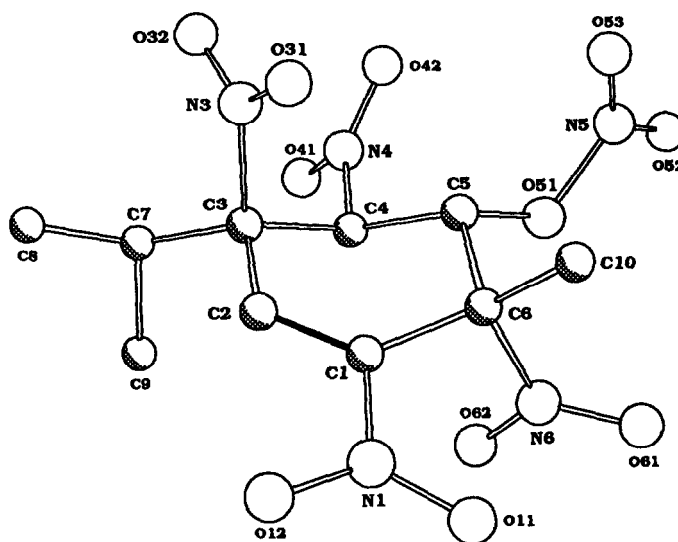
In 1933 N. Puranen reported the isolation of a crystalline material [m.p. 127-129°], assigned structure (4), from the reaction of *p*-cymene (1a) with nitrogen dioxide in acetic anhydride.¹ We now report preliminary results of a re-investigation of this reaction and the identification of the major products formed, including the crystal structure of the compound isolated by Puranen.¹



Reaction of *p*-cymene (1a) with nitrogen dioxide in acetic anhydride for 24 h at 20°, followed by removal of the solvent under reduced pressure, gave a crude product from which compound (3) (16%) could be obtained by crystallization. The structure of this compound (3), m.p. 127.5-129°, was determined by X-ray structure analysis. The spectroscopic data for compound (3) were in accord with the determined structure.² A perspective drawing is given in Figure 1 and the crystal data are summarized below.³ In the solid state the alicyclic ring of compound (3) exists in a flattened skew boat conformation [torsional angles: C(1)-C(2)-C(3)-C(4) 21.2(2)°; C(2)-C(1)-C(6)-C(5) -4.1(2)°] in which the C(6)-substituents are close to being perfectly staggered with respect to the C(1)-NO₂ group; the relative orientation of the C(5)-ONO₂ and C(6)-Me groups is indicated by the torsional angle C(10)-C(6)-C(5)-O(51) 84.9(2)°. Notwithstanding the above, H(4) and H(5) remain close to *anti*-coplanar.

Figure 1

Double bond
shown in black



Apart from the major products of reaction of *p*-cymene (1a) with nitrogen dioxide in acetic anhydride - 2-nitro-*p*-cymene (1b) (25%), *p*-nitrotoluene (2) (8%), and the novel tetranitro nitrate (3) (16%) - some nine further as yet unidentified products have been isolated [yields in the range 1-8%; total ~ 33%]. On the basis of initial spectroscopic evidence, these products appear to be structurally closely related to the tetranitro nitrate (3), and we believe that knowledge of these structures will be helpful in elucidating the mode of formation of compound (3).

References. Crystal Data and Spectroscopic Data

1. N. Puranen, *Ann. Acad. Sci. Fennicae*, 1933, **37A**, No. 10; *Chem. Abs.*, 1933, **27**, 5062.
2. ν_{\max} [Nujol] 1715, 1271, 811 [ONO₂], 1588, 1557 cm⁻¹ [NO₂]. ¹H n.m.r. [300MHz, CDCl₃] δ 1.19 [d, $J_{\text{Me}, \text{H}7}$ 6.6 Hz, Me], 1.29 [d, $J_{\text{Me}, \text{H}7}$ 7.0 Hz, Me], 2.07 [s, 6-Me], 3.18 [m, H7], 5.68 [d, $J_{\text{H}4, \text{H}5}$ 11.6 Hz, H4], 6.01 [d, $J_{\text{H}5, \text{H}4}$ 11.6 Hz, H5], 7.42 [s, H2].
3. *Crystal Data*: (3) C₁₀H₁₃N₅O₁₁, $M = 379.24$, monoclinic, space group $P2_1/c$, $a = 10.670(2)$, $b = 11.325(2)$, $c = 14.266(3)$ Å, $\beta = 117.29(1)^\circ$, $U = 1532.0$ Å³, $T = 163$ K, $D_m = 1.63$, $D_c = 1.64$ g cm⁻³, $Z = 4$, colourless crystal of dimensions 0.26 by 0.48 by 0.60 mm, $\mu = 1.41$ cm⁻¹. 2844 Unique reflections [$2\theta \leq 54^\circ$] were measured with a Nicolet R3m four-circle diffractometer using graphite monochromated Mo-K α radiation [0.71069 Å] and ω -scans. Absorption corrections were not applied. 2306 Reflections were judged observed [$I > 2\sigma(I)$]. R -factor 0.036; wR 0.038, $w^2 = \sigma^2(F) + 4.1 \times 10^{-4}(F^2)$. Atomic coordinates, bond lengths and angles, torsional angles, and thermal parameters have been deposited at the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre.

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